This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A compound of formula I

- R², R⁴ denote H, A, Hal, cycloalkyl having 3 to 7 C atoms, CF₃, NO₂, CN, OCF₃, OA, NHA, NA₂, or NH₂,
- R⁶ is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 3,4-, 3,5- or 3,6-difluoro-, dichloro- or dicyanophenyl, 3,4,5-trifluorophenyl, 3,4,5-trimethoxy- or triethoxyphenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl,
- R³ is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-difluoro- or dicyanophenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl, 2-, 3- or 4-pyridyl, 2-, 4- or 5-oxazolyl, 2-, 4- or 5-thiazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, 2- or 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl or 2- or 3-furanyl,
- R¹ denotes H- Θ F CO₂R⁵, (CH₂)_nCOHet, CHO, (CH₂)_nOR⁵, (CH₂)_nHet, (CH₂)_nN(R⁵)₂, CH=N-OA, CH₂CH=N-OA, (CH₂)_nNHOA, (CH₂)_n(R⁵)Het, (CH₂)_nCH=N-Het, (CH₂)_nOCOR², (CH₂)_nN(R⁵)CH₂CH₂OR⁵, (CH₂)_nN(R⁵)CH₂CH₂OCF₃,

 $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)C(R^5)OCOR^5, (CH_2)_nN(R)CH_2COHet, (CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2Het, \\ (CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2Het, (CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2N(R')CH_2OCOR', \\ (CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2N(R^5)_2, CH=CHCOOR^5, CH=CHCH_2NR^5Het, CH=CHCH_2N(R^5)_2, CH=CHCHOH_2N(R^5)_2, CH=CHCHOH_2N($

R⁵ denotes H or A

- A denotes straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkoxy having 1 to 10 C atoms, or alkenyl or alkenyloxyalkyl having 2 to 10 C atoms,
- Het is 1-piperidyl, 1-piperazyl, 1-(4-methyl)piperazyl, 1-(4-ethyl)piperazinyl, 1-(4cyclopentyl)piperazinyl, 4-methylpiperazin-1-ylamine, 1-pyrrolidinyl, 1-pyrazolidinyl
 1-(2-methyl)pyrazolidinyl, 1-imidazolidinyl or 1-(3-methyl)imidazolidinyl or
 4-pyridyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more CN group, 2- or
 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl, or a group of one of the formulae
 below

CH ₃	
H ₃ C N	
CH ₃	N— CH ₃
N CH ₃	0=
HO	H ₃ C CH ₃
H ₃ C N—	H ₂ C N
H ₃ C N	H ₃ C CH ₃
H ₃ C N	HON

HO N-	HO-N-
2 m	HO
H _E N_N	H ₃ C
H ₃ C CH ₃	H ₃ C_N_N—
N N CH ₃	H ₃ C~N—
s	

H ₃ C N—	N
	0=\$_N-
ÇH ₃	0=\$N_
H ₂ N—N—	٥٩٠
H ₃ C-O _N = N-	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
N-	C _N C _O
~	\Diamond_{N}
N	_N

ОН	s
N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	H ₃ C-N CH ₃
H ₃ C N N N	NH ₂
H ₃ C NH	
N N	H ₃ C - S - N - N -
N N	H ₂ N HZ
	H ₃ C CH ₃

- Ar denotes a phenyl radical which is unsubstituted or mono or polysubstituted by A and/or Hal, OR⁵, OOCR⁵, COOR⁵, CON(R⁵)₂, CN, NO₂, NH₂, NHCOR⁵, CF₃ or SO₂CH₃,
- X denotes CH or N,
- n denotes 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 and
- Hal denotes F, Cl, Br or I,

where, in the case that X has the meaning CH, R^2 and R^4 do not simultaneously denote H.

or a salt, enantiomer, or racemate thereof, or a mixture of enantiomers.

- (Cancelled)
- 3. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim $\underline{28}$ [[\ddagger]], in which R^4 denotes H, Hal, CN, A or NO₂.

- $\mbox{4.} \qquad \mbox{(Currently Amended)} \qquad \mbox{A compound according to claim $\underline{28}$ [[+]], in which R^2 denotes H or alkyl.}$
 - 5. (Cancelled)
- $\label{eq:compound} 6. \qquad \mbox{(Previously Presented)} \qquad \mbox{A compound according to claim 1, in which X has the meaning N.}$
 - 7. (Currently Amended) A compound of formula IA, IB, IC, ID, IE or IF:

- R³ is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-difluoro- or dicyanophenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl, 2-, 3- or 4-pyridyl, 2-, 4- or 5-oxazolyl, 2-, 4- or 5-thiazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, 2- or 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl or 2- or 3-furanyl,
- R⁴ denote H, A, Hal, cycloalkyl having 3 to 7 C atoms, CF₃, NO₂, CN, OCF₃, OA, NHA, NA₂, or NH₂.
- A denotes straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkoxy having 1 to 10 C atoms, or alkenyl or alkenyloxyalkyl having 2 to 10 C atoms,

Hal denotes F, Cl, Br or I,

X denotes CH or N,

where, in the case that X has the meaning CH, R⁴ in the compounds of formulae IA, IC and IE does not denote H, and

R⁶ is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 3,4-, 3,5- or 3,6-difluoro-, dichloro- or dicyanophenyl, 3,4,5-trifluorophenyl, 3,4,5-trimethoxy- or triethoxyphenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl

R³, R⁴, R⁶ and X have the meanings indicated for the compound of formula I.

(Previously Presented)
 A process for preparing a compound of claim 1, which is of formula IA

in which R^3 , R^4 , R^6 , X and A have the meaning indicated for the compound of formula I or a salt thereof.

comprising reacting a compound of formula II

or an acid-addition salt thereof,

in which R^4 , R^6 and X have the meanings indicated for the compound of formula I, with a compound of formula III

in which A and R³ have the meanings indicated for the compound of formula I, and/or converting a basic compound of formula IA into one of its salts by treatment with an acid.

 (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of claim 1, which is of formula IB

in which

R³ is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-,

n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-difluoro- or dicyanophenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl, 2-, 3- or 4-pyridyl, 2-, 4- or 5-oxazolyl, 2-, 4- or 5-thiazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, 2- or 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl or 2- or 3-furanyl,

- R⁴ denote H, A, Hal, cycloalkyl having 3 to 7 C atoms, CF₃, NO₂, CN, OCF₃, OA, NHA, NA₂, or NH₂.
- A denotes straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkoxy having 1 to 10 C atoms, or alkenyl or alkenyloxyalkyl having 2 to 10 C atoms,

Hal denotes F, Cl, Br or I,

X denotes CH or N,

R⁶ is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 3,4-, 3,5- or 3,6-difluoro-, dichloro- or dicyanophenyl, 3,4,5-trifluorophenyl, 3,4,5-trimethoxy- or triethoxyphenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl,

 R^{3},R^{4},R^{6},X and Λ have the meaning indicated for the compound of formula I or a salt thereof,

comprising reacting a compound of formula II

or an acid-addition salt thereof,

in which R4, R6 and X have the meanings indicated for the compound of formula IB formula I,

with a compound of formula IV

in which A and R³ have the meanings indicated for the compound of <u>formula IB formula I</u>, and/or converting a basic compound of formula IB into one of its salts by treatment with an acid.

10-13. (Cancelled)

14. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound of the formula I according to claim 1 and/or one of its physiologically acceptable salts, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier_a

$$R^{s} \xrightarrow{R^{4}} N \xrightarrow{R^{2}} R^{1}$$

- R², R⁴ denote H, A, Hal, cycloalkyl having 3 to 7 C atoms, CF₃, NO₂, CN, OCF₃, OA, NHA, NA₂, or NH₂,
- R⁶ is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 3,4-, 3,5- or 3,6-difluoro-, dichloro- or dicyanophenyl, 3,4,5-trifluorophenyl, 3,4,5-trimethoxy- or triethoxyphenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl,

- R³ is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-difluoro- or dicyanophenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl, 2-, 3- or 4-pyridyl, 2-, 4- or 5-oxazolyl, 2-, 4- or 5-thiazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, 2- or 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl or 2- or 3-furanyl,
- R¹ denotes H or CO_2R^5 , $(CH_2)_aCOHet$, CHO, $(CH_2)_aDR^5$, $(CH_2)_aHet$, $(CH_2)_aN(R^5)_2$, CH=N-OA, $CH_2CH=N-OA$, $(CH_2)_aNHOA$, $(CH_2)_a(R^5)Het$, $(CH_2)_aCH=N-Het$, $(CH_2)_aCOCR^5$, $(CH_2)_aN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OR^5$, $(CH_2)_aN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OCF_3$, $(CH_2)_aN(R^5)C(R^5)OCOR^5$, $(CH_2)_aN(R^5)CH_2CHet$, $(CH_2)_aN(R^5)CH_2Het$, $(CH_2)_aN(R^5)CH_2CH_2Het$, $(CH_2)_aN(R^5)CH_2CH_2N(R^5)CH_2COCR^5$, $(CH_2)_aN(R^5)CH_2CH_2N(R^5)_2$, $CH=CHCOOR^5$, $CH=CHCH_2NR^5$ Het, $CH=CHCH_2N(R^5)_2$, $CH=CHCH_2CR^5$ or $(CH_3)_aN(R^5)$ Ar.

R⁵ denotes H or A

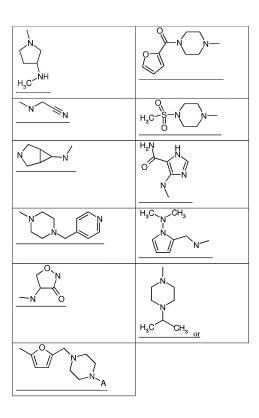
- A denotes straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkoxy having 1 to 10 C atoms, or alkenyl or alkenyloxyalkyl having 2 to 10 C atoms.
- Het is 1-piperidyl, 1-piperazyl, 1-(4-methyl)piperazyl, 1-(4-ethyl)piperazinyl, 1-(4cyclopentyl)piperazinyl, 4-methylpiperazin-1-ylamine, 1-pyrrolidinyl, 1-pyrazolidinyl
 1-(2-methyl)pyrazolidinyl, 1-imidazolidinyl or 1-(3-methyl)imidazolidinyl or
 4-pyridyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more CN group, 2- or
 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl, or a group of one of the formulae
 below

H ₃ C N—	<u></u>
CH ₃	
H ₃ C N	
CH ₃	N— CH ₃
N CH ₃	o=
HO	H ₃ C CH ₃

H ₃ C	H ₃ C N—
H _S C O	H ₃ C CH ₃
H ₂ C O	HON
HO N-	HO-_N-
et i	HO
H ₂ N N—	H ₃ C
H ₃ C CH ₃	H ₃ C_N_N—

N—CH ₃	H ₃ C-NN-
<u> </u>	
H ₃ C N—	<u> </u>
A ₁	0=\$
ÇH ₃	0=\$\int_{N}-
H ₂ N— N—	o No

H ₃ C-O N-	
	<u></u>
ОН	sN
N N	H ₃ C-N
H ₃ C N N N	NH ₂



Ar denotes a phenyl radical which is unsubstituted or mono or polysubstituted by

A and/or Hal, OR⁵, OOCR⁵, COOR⁵, CON(R⁵)₂, CN, NO₂, NH₂, NHCOR⁵, CF₃ or

SO2CH3,

X denotes CH or N,

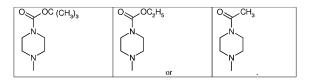
n denotes 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 and

Hal denotes F, Cl, Br or I,

where, in the case that X has the meaning CH, R^2 and R^4 do not simultaneously denote H,

or a salt, enantiomer, or racemate thereof, or a mixture of enantiomers.

- 15. (Currently Amended) A process for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition, comprising combining a compound of the formula I according to Claim 14 [[+]] and/or one of its physiological acceptable salts into a suitable dosage form together with at least one solid, liquid or semi-liquid excipient or adjuvant.
 - 16. (Cancelled)
- 17. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim $\underline{28}$ [[\pm]], in which Het is



(Cancelled)

- (Currently Amended) A method for the *in vitro* inhibition of 5-HT2A receptor, comprising administering to said receptor a <u>pharmaceutical composition according</u> to claim 14 eompound, salt, enantiomer, racemate or enantiomer mixture of claim 1.
- 20. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1, in which R^1 denotes denotes H-of $(CH_2)_nCOHet$, CHO, $(CH_2)_nOR^5$, $(CH_2)_nHet$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)_2$, CH=N-OA, $CH_2CH=N$ -OA, $(CH_2)_nNHOA$, $(CH_2)_n(R^5)$ Het, $(CH_2)_nCH=N$ -Het, $(CH_2)_nOCOR^7$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OR^5$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OCF_3$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)C(R^5)OCOR^5$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2COHet$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OCF_3$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OCF_3$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OCOR^5$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OCOR$
- 21. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1, in which R^1 denotes denotes H-o π CO₂ R^5 , COHet, CHO, $(CH_2)_nOR^5$, $(CH_2)_nHet$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)_2$, CH=N-OA, CH_2CH =N-OA, $(CH_2)_nNHOA$, $(CH_2)_n(R^5)$ Het, $(CH_2)_nCH$ =N-Het, $(CH_2)_nOCOR^7$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)$ CH $_2CH_2OR^5$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)$ CH $_2CH_2OCF_3$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)$ CH $_2CH_2OR^5$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)$ CH $_2CH_2OR^5$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)$ CH $_2CH_2OR^5$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)$ CH $_2CH_2N(R^5)$ CH $_2CH_2N(R$
- 22. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1, in which R¹ denotes denotes H-of (CH₂)_nHet, (CH₂)_nN(R⁵)₂, CH=N-OA, CH₂CH=N-OA, (CH₂)_nNHOA,

- 23. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- $\label{eq:previously Presented} A compound according to claim 1, in which R^3 is thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl, 2-, 4- or 5-oxazolyl, 2-, 4- or 5-thiazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, 2- or 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl or 2- or 3-furanyl.$
- $\mbox{25.} \qquad \mbox{(Previously Presented)} \qquad \mbox{A compound according to claim 1, in which R^3 is 2-or 3-furanyl.}$
- 26. (New) A compound according to claim 1, in which R⁴ denote A, Hal, cycloalkyl having 3 to 7 C atoms, CF₃, NO₂, CN, OCF₃, OA, NHA, NA₂, or NH₂.
- $27. \hspace{0.2in} (New) \hspace{0.2in} A compound according to claim 1, in which A denotes straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkoxy having 3 to 10 C atoms, or alkenyl or alkenyloxyalkyl having 3 to 10 C atoms. \\$
 - 28. (New) A compound of formula I

$$R^4$$
 R^4
 R^3

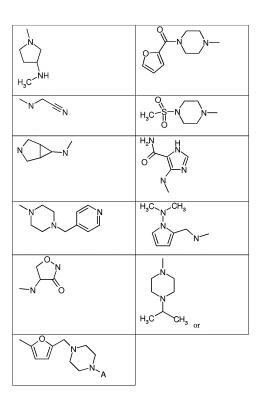
- R², R⁴ denote H, A, Hal, cycloalkyl having 3 to 7 C atoms, CF₃, NO₂, CN, OCF₃, OA, NHA, NA₂, or NH₂.
- R⁶ is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 3,4-, 3,5- or 3,6-difluoro-, dichloro- or dicyanophenyl, 3,4,5-trifluorophenyl, 3,4,5-trimethoxy- or triethoxyphenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl.
- R³ is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-difluoro- or dicyanophenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl, 2-, 3- or 4-pyridyl, 2-, 4- or 5-oxazolyl, 2-, 4- or 5-thiazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, 2- or 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl or 2- or 3-furanyl,
- R¹ denotes H or CO_2R^5 , $(CH_2)_nCOHet$, CHO, $(CH_2)_nOR^5$, $(CH_2)_nHet$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)_2$, CH=N-OA, $CH_2CH=N-OA$, $(CH_2)_nNHOA$, $(CH_2)_n(R^5)Het$, $(CH_2)_nCH=N-Het$, $(CH_2)_nOCOR^*$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OR^5$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OCF_3$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)C(R^5)OCOR^5$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2COHet$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2Het$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2Het$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2N(R^5)CH_2OCOR^*$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2N(R^5)_2$, $CH=CHCOOR^5$, $CH=CHCH_2NR^5$ Het, $CH=CHCH_2N(R^5)_2$, $CH=CHCH_2OR^5$ or $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)Ar$.
- R⁵ denotes H or A
- A denotes straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkoxy having 1 to 10 C atoms, or alkenyl or alkenyloxyalkyl having 2 to 10 C atoms,
- Het is 1-piperidyl, 1-piperazyl, 1-(4-methyl)piperazyl, 1-(4-ethyl)piperazinyl, 1-(4cyclopentyl)piperazinyl, 4-methylpiperazin-1-ylamine, 1-pyrrolidinyl, 1-pyrazolidinyl

1-(2-methyl)pyrazolidinyl, 1-imidazolidinyl or 1-(3-methyl)imidazolidinyl or 4-pyridyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more CN group, 2- or 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl, or a group of one of the formulae below

HO	H ₃ C CH ₃
H ₃ C O N—	H ₃ C N—
H ₃ C O	H ₃ C CH ₃
H ₃ C O	HON
HO N-	HO-\(\)\
dn	HO
H ₂ N N	H ₃ C
H ₃ C CH ₃	H ₃ C_N_N—

0= (N)	
N— CH ₃	H ₃ C~N—
\$	
H ₃ C N—	(
EA N	0=\$\(\sum_{N}\)
ÇH ₃	0=\$
H ₂ N—	

H ₃ C-ON-N-	N-N-N-
N-	Cro cross
	⇒ N
N N	,N,)
ОН	sN
N N	H ₃ C-N CH ₃
H ₃ C N N N	NH ₂



Ar denotes a phenyl radical which is unsubstituted or mono or polysubstituted by A and/or Hal, OR⁵, OOCR⁵, COOR⁵, CON(R⁵)₂, CN, NO₂, NH₂, NHCOR⁵, CF₃ or SO₂CH₃,

- X denotes CH or N.
- n denotes 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 and
- Hal denotes F, Cl, Br or I,

where, in the case that X has the meaning CH, R^2 and R^4 do not simultaneously denote H.

or a salt, enantiomer, or racemate thereof, or a mixture of enantiomers,

wherein at least one of the following three conditions I, II, or III is satisfied:

- R⁴ denotes H, Hal, CN, A or NO₂;
- R² denotes H or alkyl;
- III) Het is

